

Table 4.
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Population by Detailed Group: 2000

(For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf1.pdf)

Detailed group	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone		Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander in combination with one or more other races		Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander detailed group alone or in any combination ²
	One Pacific Islander group reported ¹	Two or more Pacific Islander groups reported ²	One Pacific Islander group reported	Two or more Pacific Islander groups reported ²	
Total	389,612	9,223	447,113	28,466	874,414
Polynesian					
Native Hawaiian	140,652	5,157	241,510	13,843	401,162
Samoa	91,029	5,727	28,287	8,238	133,281
Tongan	27,713	2,227	5,675	1,225	36,840
Tahitian	800	199	1,137	1,177	3,313
Tokelauan	129	142	134	169	574
Polynesian, not specified	3,497	1,547	3,005	747	8,796
Micronesian					
Guamanian or Chamorro	58,240	1,247	30,241	2,883	92,611
Mariana Islander	60	11	60	10	141
Saipanese	195	122	120	38	475
Palauan	2,228	102	1,004	135	3,469
Carolinian	91	40	30	12	173
Kosraean	157	11	51	7	226
Pohnpeian	486	77	116	21	700
Chuukese	367	50	220	17	654
Yapese	236	13	111	8	368
Marshallese	5,479	183	849	139	6,650
I-Kiribati	90	17	47	21	175
Micronesian, not specified	7,509	411	1,768	252	9,940
Melanesian					
Fijian	9,796	169	3,461	155	13,581
Papua New Guinean	135	3	83	3	224
Solomon Islander	12	3	10	-	25
Ni-Vanuatu	6	1	7	4	18
Melanesian, not specified	147	15	149	4	315
Other Pacific Islander ³	40,558	1,309	129,038	4,007	174,912

- Represents zero.

¹The total of 389,612 respondents categorized as reporting only one Pacific Islander group in this table is lower than the total of 389,917 shown in Table PCT8 (U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 1 100-Percent Data, *see factfinder.census.gov*). This table includes more detailed groups than PCT8. This means that, for example, an individual who reported "Marshallese and Palauan" is shown in this table as reporting two or more Pacific Islander groups. However, that same individual would be categorized as reporting a single Pacific Islander group in PCT8, because both Marshallese and Palauan are part of the larger Other Micronesian category.

²The numbers by detailed Pacific Islander groups do not add to the total population. This is because the detailed Pacific Islander groups are tallies of the number of Pacific Islander *responses* rather than the number of Pacific Islander *respondents*. Respondents reporting several Pacific Islander groups are counted several times. For example, a respondent reporting "Samoan and Tongan" would be included in the Samoan as well as the Tongan numbers.

³Includes respondents who checked the "Other Pacific Islander" response category on the census questionnaire or wrote in the generic term "Pacific Islander."

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, special tabulations.

reported one or more other races or Pacific Islander groups. Of all respondents who reported Fijian, 28 percent reported one or more other races or Pacific Islander groups.

What are the Hawaiian home lands?

Hawaiian home lands are public lands held in trust by the state of

Hawaii for the benefit of Native Hawaiians. Data users identified a need for census information on these geographic entities, so the U.S. Census Bureau agreed to recognize the 62 home lands for the first time in the data tabulations from Census 2000. A Hawaiian home land is not a governmental unit; rather, it is a specific tract of land

that has a legally defined boundary and is owned by the state. The state, as authorized by the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act passed by the U.S. Congress in 1920, may lease these tracts of land to one or more native Hawaiians for any activity authorized by state law.